Techno India NJR Institute of Technology



Course File Advance Engineering Mathematics-I (3CE2-01)

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3ME2-01: Advance Engineering Mathematics-I

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120) 3 Credits **End Term Exam: 3 Hours** 3L:0T:0P

SN	Contents	Hours
1	Numerical Methods – 1:	
	Finite differences, Relation between operators, Interpolation using Newton's forward and backward difference formulae. Gauss's forward and backward interpolation formulae. Stirling's Formulae. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Newton's divided difference and Lagrange's formulae. Numerical Differentiation, Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3rd and 3/8 rules.	10
2	Numerical Methods – 2:	
	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Taylor's series, Euler and modified Euler's methods. Runge- Kutta method of fourth order for solving first and second order equations. Milne's and Adam's predicator-corrector methods. Solution of polynomial and transcendental equations-Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method and Regula-Falsi method.	8
3	Laplace Transform:	
	Definition and existence of Laplace transform, Properties of Laplace Transform and formulae, Unit Step function, Dirac Delta function, Heaviside function, Laplace transform of periodic functions. Finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem. Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transform, solving ODEs by Laplace transforms method.	10
4	Fourier Transform:	
	Fourier Complex, Sine and Cosine transform, properties and formulae, inverse Fourier transforms, Convolution theorem, application of Fourier transforms to partial ordinary differential equation (One dimensional heat and wave equations only).	7
5	Z-Transform:	
	Definition, properties and formulae, Convolution theorem, inverse Z-	5
	transform, application of Z-transform to difference equation. Total	40



Course Overview:

Student should be able to understand numerical methods, numerical solution of ordinary differential equation and also understand Laplace transform Fourier transformation and z- transformation

Course Outcomes:

3CE2-01	ADVANCE ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I
3CE2-01.1	Memorize a range of mathematical theorems and methods to solve routine and
3CE2-01.1	complex analytic and applied problems.
3CE2-01.2	Analyze data necessary for the solution of engineering problems.
3CE2-01.3	Test the effectiveness of proposed solutions to identified engineering problems.
3CE2-01.4	Recognize functions of several variables and mean value theorems.
3CE2-01.5	Recognize special functions to evaluate some proper and improper integrals using
3CE2-01.5	beta and gamma functions.

Prerequisites:

- 1. Fundamentals of mathematical reasoning.
- 2. Students should be efficient in identifying differential equation formats.
- 3. Students should be able to perform simple mathematical operations.

Course Outcome Mapping with Program Outcome:

Course Outcome	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO231.1	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
CO231.2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
CO231.3	3	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
CO231.4	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
CO231.5	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
CO231 (AVG)	3	2	2	1	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.8	1	1	1	1	0.8	0	0



Course Plan:

	Unit	Topic					
1	1	FINITE DIFFERENCES AND OPERATORS					
2	1	Interpolation with equal intervals(Newtons forward backward)					
3	1	Interpolation with equal intervals(Gauss forward backward)					
4	1	Interpolation with equal intervals(Stirling forward backward)					
5	1	Interpolation with equal intervals					
6	1	Interpolation with un equal intervals					
7	1	Numerical differentiation					
8	1	Numerical differentiation continued					
9	1	Numerical integration (Simpsons one third rule)					
10	1	Numerical integration (Simpsons three eighth rule)					
11	2	NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION(TAYLORS METHOD)					
12	2	Numerical solution of differential equation(Eulers method)					
13	2	Numerical solution of differential equation(modified Euler method)					
14	2	Numerical solution of differential equation(Runge Kutta method)					
15	2	Numerical solution of differential equation(Adams P-C method)					
16	2	Numerical solution of equation(Bisection method)					
17	2	Numerical solution of equation(Newton Raphson metod)					
18	2	Numerical solution of equation(Regula-falsi method)					
19	3	LAPLACE TRANSFORM					
20	3	Laplace transform					
21	3	Laplace transform					
22	3	Laplace transform					
23	3	Inverse Laplace transform					
24	3	Inverse Laplace transform					
25	3	Inverse Laplace transform					
26	3	Inverse Laplace transform(convolution theorem)					
27	3	Inverse Laplace transform(convolution theorem)					
28	3	Application of Laplace(solving integral)					



29	3	Application of Laplace(solving integral)
30	3	Application of Laplace(solving differential equation)
31	3	Application of Laplace(solving differential equation)
32	4	FOURIER COMPLEX TRANSFORM
33	4	Fourier cosine transform
34	4	Fourier sine transform
35	4	Properties of fourier transform
36	4	Inverse Fourier transform
37	4	Inverse Fourier Transform(Convultion theorem)
38	4	Application of Fourier Transform
39	4	Application of Fourier Transform
40	5	Z TRANSFORM
41	5	Z Transform(properties)
42	5	Inverse Z Transform
43	5	Inverse Z Transform(convolution theorem)
44	5	Application of Z Transform
45	5	Application of Z Transform

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Ervin Kreyszig (Wiley)
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by RK Jain & SRK Iyengar (Narosa Book)
- 3. Engineering Mathematics by Dr. DN Vyas (CBC)



Course Level Problems (Test Items):

1. State and prove Newton Gregory backward interpolation formula.

2. Prove that
$$D = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta - \frac{\Delta^2}{2} + \frac{\Delta^3}{3} - \frac{\Delta^4}{4} + \cdots \right].$$

3. Prove that

$$u_0 + \frac{u_1 x}{1!} + \frac{u_2 x^2}{2!} + \dots = e^x \left[u_0 + \frac{x \Delta u_0}{1!} + \frac{x^2 \Delta^2 u_0}{2!} + \dots \right].$$

- **4.** If f(20) = 512, f(30) = 439, f(40) = 346, f(50) = 243, then using Newton Gregory forward interpolation formula evaluate f(35).
- 5. Find interpolation polynomial, which passes through the points (0,2), (1,3), (2,12) and (5,147).
- **6.** Express $f(x) = x^4 12x^3 + 24x^2 30x + 9$ as a factorial polynomial and hence compute all the differences.
- 7. State and prove Newton Gregory backward interpolation formula.

8. Prove that
$$D = \frac{1}{h} \left[\Delta - \frac{\Delta^2}{2} + \frac{\Delta^3}{3} - \frac{\Delta^4}{4} + \cdots \right]$$

9. Interpolate the population for the year 1935, from the following table

year	1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981
Population in thousan dth	12	15	20	27	39	52

- **10.** Use Gauss forward formula to find y_{28} given that $y_{20} = 49225, y_{25} = 48316, y_{30} = 47236, y_{35} = 45926, y_{40} = 44306.$
- **11.** Using Lagrange's formula, find interpolation polynomial, which passes through the points (0,2), (1,3), (2,12) and (5,147).
- **12.** Express $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 + 3x 10$ as a factorial polynomial and hence compute all the differences.



Semester :- III, Subject:- Advance Engineering Mathematics-I Teaching and Learning resources unit-wise:

Unit-1

https://youtu.be/xYs72hkKM1M

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/102/122102009/

Unit-2

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WlQclObEAiA

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105121/

Unit-3

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c9NibpoQjDk

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105123/

Unit-4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lkAvgVUvYvY

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6spPyJH6dkQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A58pHobCLwA

Unit-5

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104100/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q9IKRDcN jE



Roll No.

Total No of Pages: 4

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B. Tech. III - Sem. (Main / Back) Exam., Dec. 2019 **BSC Aeronautical Engineering** 3AN2-01 Advanced Engineering Mathematics-I AE, AG, AN, CE, CR, EC, EI, ME, MH, MI

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 120

Instructions to Candidates:

Attempt all ten questions from Part A, five questions out of seven questions from Part B and four questions out of five from Part C.

Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing may suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used /calculated must be stated clearly.

Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination. (Mentioned in form No. 205)

1. Scientific Calculator

2. NIL

PART - A

(Answer should be given up to 25 words only)

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

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All questions are compulsory

- Q.1 State fundamental theorem of finite difference calculus.
- Q.2 Write Trapezoidal formulas for integration,
- Q.3 Apply Picard's method to find the first approximate solution of the problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2}{1+y^2}, \text{ with } y(0) = 0.$$

Q.4 Write the Newton - Raphson's formula for transcendental equation,

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- Quest What are the existence condition for Laplace Transform?
- Q:6 State convolution theorem for inverse Laplace Transform.
- Q.7 Define Fourier Transform.
- Q.8 Write down the formula for inverse sine transform.
 - Q.9 Find z Transform of unit impulse function $\delta n = \begin{cases} 1 & , \ n = 0 \\ 0 & , \ n \neq 0 \end{cases}$

Q.10 Find Z {an}

PART - B

(Analytical/Problem solving questions)

Attempt any five questions

The area of a circle of diameter d is given for the following values of d -

d	80	85	90	95	100
Area	5062	5674	6362	7088	7854

Find approximate value for the area of circles of diameter 82 and 91.

Q:2 Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ by

- (a) Simpson's $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{rd}$ rule and
- (b) Trapezoidal rule.

Hence obtain the value of π by result obtained from (i) and (ii) taking six intervals.

Q.3 Use Regula Falsi method to find a real root of the equation

 $x \log_{10} x - 1.2 = 0$ Correct to five places of decimal.

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- Q.4 Find the Laplace Transform of-
 - (a) test sin at
 - (b) $\frac{1}{t}$ (cos at cos bt)
- Q.5. Apply convolution theorem to evaluate $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2\left(s^2-a^2\right)}\right\}$
- Q.6 Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x}$, $x \ge 0$. Also show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin mx}{x^2 + 1} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}, m > 0.$
- Q.7 Find $z^{-1} \left[\frac{z^2}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)} \right]$ by convolution theorem.

PART - C

(Descriptive/Analytical/Problem Solving/Design Questions) [4×15=60]

Attempt any four questions

75

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Q:1 Use Newton's divided difference formula to find the value of f(8) and f(15) from the following data -

x	4	5	7	10	11	13
f(x)	48	100	294	900	1210	2028

Q.2 Use, Runge - kutta method to find the approximate value of y for x = 0.4, if

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$$
, given that $y = 1$ when $x \approx 0$, taking $h = 0.2$.

Q.3 Solve by Laplace Transformation method =

$$(D^2 - 3D + 2) x = 1 - e^{2x}, x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0$$

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Or. Pankaj Kumar Porwa'

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Q.4 Using Fourier sine transform solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, x > 0, t > 0, subject $u_1(0, t) = 0$

$$u(x,0) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{when } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{when } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

It may by assumed that $u\left(x,t\right)$ is bounded, also u and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$ approach zero

Q.5 Find z {cos n θ } and z {sin n θ }.

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